

7. The method as recited in claim 6,
wherein the length (UHEL; MMSL) of the message of the first message service is specified as a further element for defining the message of the first message service.
8. The method as recited in claim 6 or 7,
wherein at least a portion of the elements is accommodated in a user data header (SM-DH) of the short message (SM).
9. The method as recited in claim 8,
wherein the user data header (SM-DH) is constructed in WCMP format.
10. The method as recited in one of the claims 6 through 9,
wherein the short message (SM') is provided with a header (SM-H'), which has an identifier (MMSI') for indicating the presence of a message of the first message surface in the data portion (SM-D').
11. A method for transmitting messages in a telecommunications network, in which a first message service and a

second message service are available; a dedicated, first group of messages of the first message service being sent, using messages of the second message service,

wherein the first message service is the MMS message service, and the dedicated, first group of messages of the first message service includes at least one of the following messages:

dedicated MMS user messages (e.g. short text messages)

confirmation of the reception of sent MM's in the relay (ACK/NACK_submission_1)

confirmation of the success in sending MM's to other users (ACK/NACK_submission_2)

acknowledgment of the success/failure in delivering an MM (ACK/NACK_delivery).

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